Former Tronox/Kerr-McGee Caselton Mill Site Area, Pioche, NV

Community Meeting August 30, 2022 6:00-7:30 PM

Nevada Division of Environmental Protection Greenfield Environmental Multistate Trust LLC, Trustee of the Multistate Environmental Response Trust





Meeting Agenda

- ✓ Introductions and Multistate Trust Overview
- ✓ Overview of Investigations, Results, and Proposed Additional Investigations
- ✓ Funding Considerations and Cleanup Options
- ✓ Potential Future Uses and Discussion
- ✓ Opportunity for Community Input

Introductions and Multistate Trust Overview

Paul Eckert, NDEP Tasha Lewis, Multistate Trust



Introductions

- ✓ Multistate Trust
- ✓ Nevada Division of Environmental Protection (NDEP)
- ✓ Bureau of Land Management (BLM)
- ✓ Lincoln County
- ✓ Residents of Caselton Heights
- ✓ Others?

Introduction to the Multistate Trust

Multistate Trust is a Private Entity with a Public Purpose

- ✓ Protect human health and environment
- ✓ Proactively engage stakeholders on plans
- ✓ Contribute to community by striving for community-supported site reuses (jobs, taxes and community assets) and local contracting, where possible

Multistate Trust Responsibilities

- ✓ Take title to many former Tronox/Kerr-McGee sites
- ✓ Hold/manage funds earmarked for cleanup of each site.
- ✓ Cost effectively and efficiently clean up sites pursuant to Lead Agency-approved budgets and cleanup plans, and in compliance with all laws and regulations
- ✓ Fulfill fiduciary duties to Multistate Trust Beneficiaries United States and States
- ✓ Subject to Beneficiary approval, transfer/sell sites





NDEP is the Lead Agency for the Site

- ✓ Responsibilities include:
 - Approving and overseeing Environmental Actions at the Site, including investigations and cleanup plans
 - Approving Multistate Trust-proposed annual Environmental Cost Account (ECA) Budgets
 - Approving environmental contractors recommended by the Multistate Trust
 - Approving Multistate Trust-proposed property sales, transfers, and dispositions (e.g., Caselton Heights—see later slide)



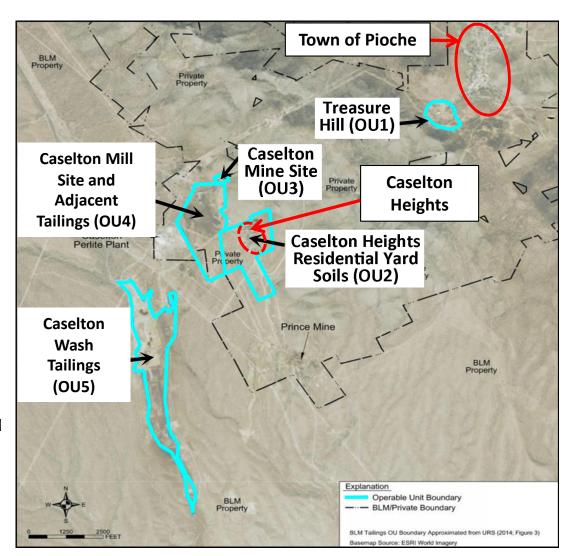
Overview of Investigations, Results, and Proposed Additional Investigations

Paul Eckert, NDEP Tasha Lewis, Multistate Trust



Site Overview

- ✓ In 2011, ±3,200 acres in Pioche Mining District were transferred to the Multistate Trust as part of the courtapproved Tronox bankruptcy settlement
- ✓ In 2015 and after Anadarko litigation settlement funds were received, NDEP and the Multistate Trust began investigation activities in Pioche and Caselton Heights
- ✓ 5 operable units (OUs) based on mining activities and potential receptors (e.g., residents, trespassers, recreators, industrial workers, ecological) were established
- ✓ The focus of today's discussion is the Caselton Heights
 Residential Yard Soils (OU2), Caselton Mill Site and
 Adjacent Tailings (OU4), and the Caselton Wash Tailings
 (OU5). A discussion of Treasure Hill (OU1) will be included
 in tomorrow's discussion.
- ✓ Caselton Mine Site (OU3) is not part of the current investigations. The Multistate Trust secures access to the mine shaft.

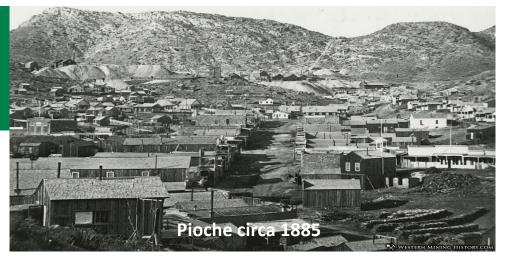






Site History

- ✓ The Caselton area has a long history of mining operations for the production of metals, including silver, gold, lead, zinc, and copper
- ✓ Ore was discovered in 1863 and by 1873, Pioche was the largest silver producer west of the Rocky Mountains
- ✓ Combined Metals Reduction (CMR) owned and operated the Caselton Mine Area (±3,200 acres) from at least 1924 to 1976
- ✓ In 1941 CMR built the Caselton Mill to process sulfide and manganese ore



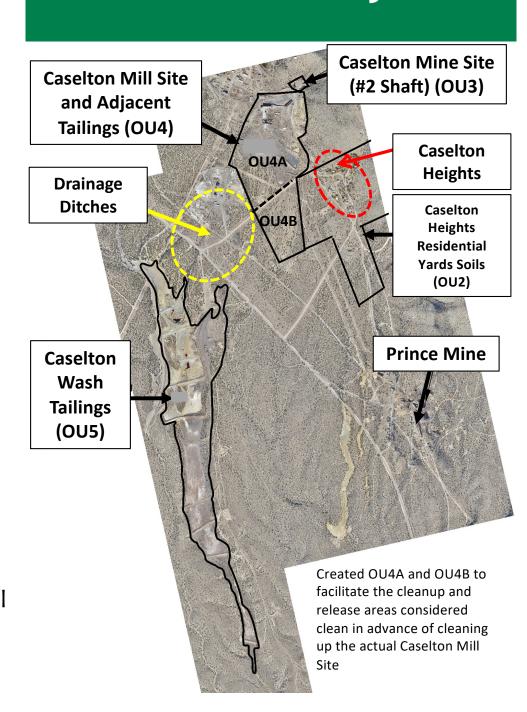


Caselton Mine #2 Headframe, Hoist and Compressor Building Circa 1985



- ✓ Historically tailings from ore processing were discharged from the Caselton Mill through drainage ditches to the Caselton Wash
- ✓ Housing at Caselton Heights was formerly "Company Housing"
- ✓ 1976 CMR filed for bankruptcy and Kerr-McGee purchased the patented and unpatented mining claims
- ✓ 1993 the Kerr-McGee unpatented mining claims were allowed to lapse, and ownership of those claims reverted back to BLM
- ✓ Kerr-McGee did not conduct milling operations or active mining; only exploration activities
- ✓ In mid-2000s, Kerr-McGee sold its valuable oil and gas assets to Anadarko Petroleum Company and placed its environmental liabilities into a company called Tronox Incorporated
- ✓ In 2009, unable to pay for its environmental liabilities, Tronox file for bankruptcy

Site History



Cas ghts Investigation and Transfer (OU2)

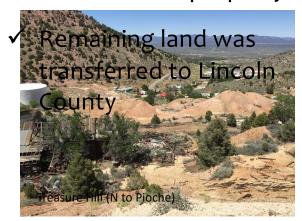
✓ Developed a sampling plan for residential and unoccupied parcels

✓ Collected 128 samples and analyzed for metals

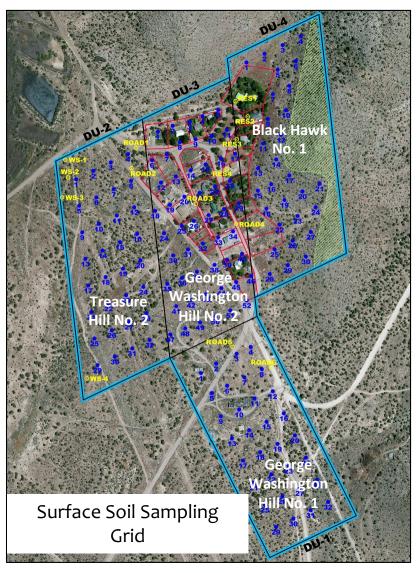
Samples results were below the risk-based cleanup levels and considered safe for residential uses, thus no further cleanup action was warranted

Land beneath the homes was transferred to
Treasure Hill, No. 1 Shaft the individual property owners in 2018

Caselton Mill









Caselton Mill Site Area (OU4)







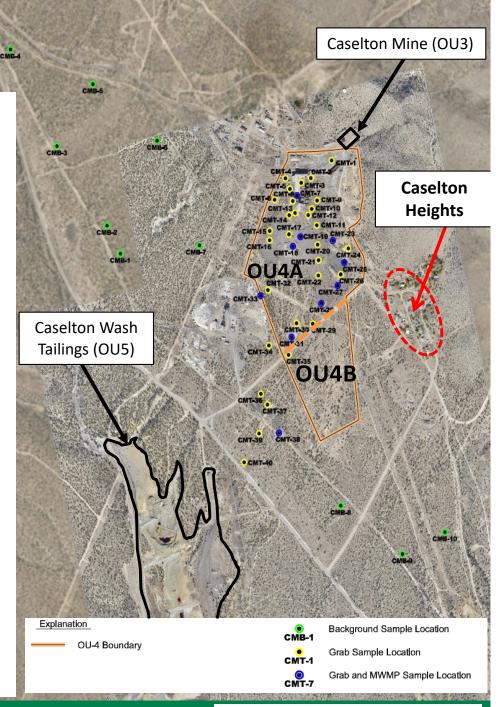


Caselton Mill Site (looking north towards the Caselton Mine [OU3])



Caselton Mill Site Area Investigation (OU4A)

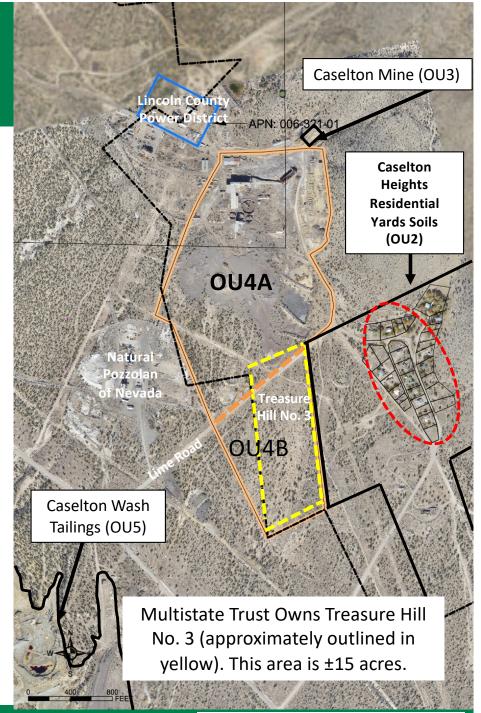
- ✓ Collected 10 background soil samples
- Collected 40 grab soil samples, 34 within OU4A
- Background concentrations (green dots)
 Lead = 54 mg/kg to 230 mg/kg
 Arsenic = less than 10 mg/kg to 23 mg/kg
- ✓ Caselton Mill Site Area
 - Soil (yellow dots)
 - Max Lead concentration: 57,000 mg/kg
 - Max Arsenic concentration: 2,500 mg/kg
 - Leachate (blue dots)
 - Max Leachate Lead concentration: 4.4 mg/L
 - Max Total Arsenic concentration: 120 mg/L
- ✓ Compare Results to Industrial RSLs
 Lead = 800 mg/kg
 Arsenic = 7.2 mg/kg
- Potential unacceptable exposures
 - Future Industrial Worker
 - Recreator
 - Ecological via stormwater transport
- ✓ Only 1 sample has been collected in OU4B





Proposed Additional Investigations (OU4)

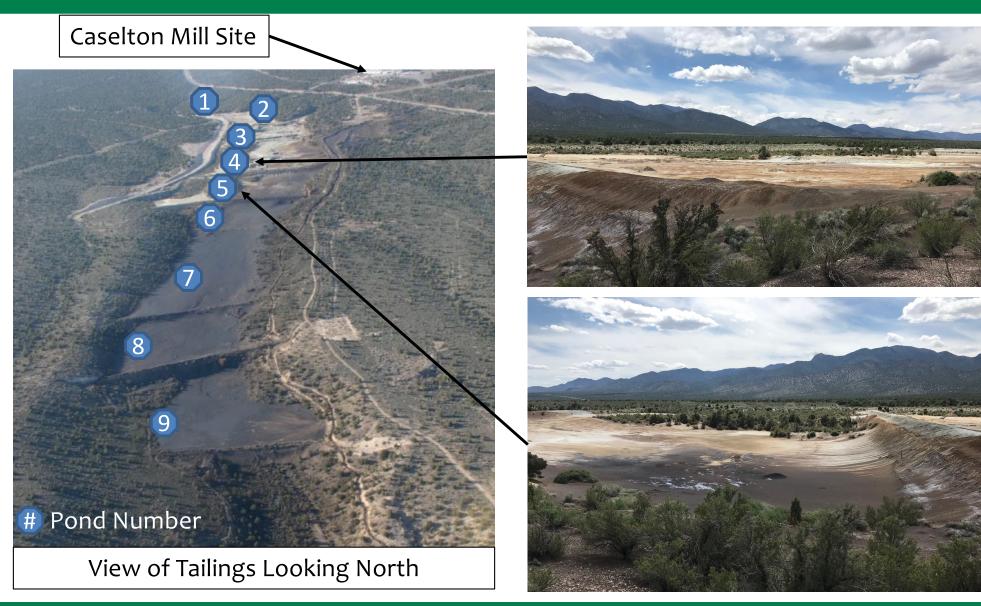
- ✓ U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and U.S. Department of Energy's National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL) evaluation of the full Caselton Mill Site Area for future beneficial use
- ✓ NDEP and EPA Targeted Brownfield Assessment to determine extent of cleanup required in OU4B
- ✓ Potential Community Project grant for full geotechnical investigation of the Caselton Mill Site Area to establish scope and design requirements for the required remediation
- ✓ Once results are below NDEP-approved cleanup levels, property can be transferred to a future landowner







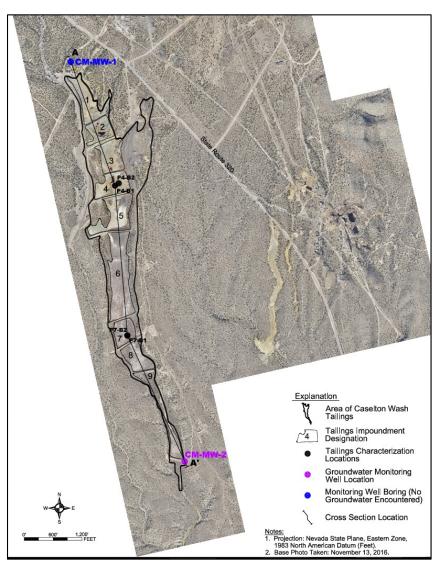
Caselton Wash Tailings (OU5)





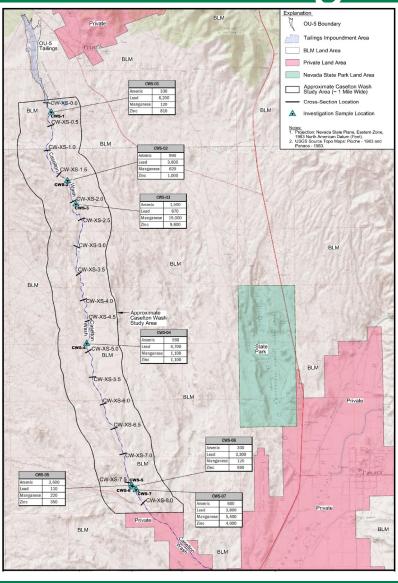
Caselton Wash Tailings Assessments and Investigations (OU5)

- ✓ Between 1986 and 2010, a number of environmental site assessments, investigations and evaluations were performed by CMR, Kerr-McGee, BLM, and USACE
- ✓ In 2017, the Multistate Trust drilled two borings to determine the depth of groundwater beneath the tailings
- ✓ Groundwater was not encountered at CM-MW-1. Total depth of boring was 483 feet below ground surface (bgs)
- ✓ Groundwater was encountered at CM-MW-2 at a depth of 328 feet bgs. A well was installed and sampled for 2 years. Metals concentrations were low to non-detect below the reporting limits.
- ✓ CM-MW-2 was abandoned in September 2020
- ✓ Modeling of contaminant leaching to groundwater is currently in progress by University of Nevada Reno





Caselton Wash Tailings Assessments and Investigations (OU5) (Cont'd)



- ✓ In 2019 the Multistate Trust collected 160 soil samples over an 8-mile length downstream of the Caselton Wash Tailings Ponds
- ✓ Risk assessment evaluation determined that wash soils are not expected to result in unacceptable risk to humans
- ✓ While there is potential risk to ecological receptors, the actual risk is likely overestimated and is not likely to adversely affect the ecological receptors
- ✓ Risk of continued deposition of tailings into the Caselton Wash from the tailings ponds is low



Caselton Wash Tailing (OU5)





Proposed Additional Activities (OU5)

- ✓ Complete remedial investigation report once University of Nevada – Reno completes modeling of contaminant leaching to groundwater
- ✓ BLM will focus on activities to evaluate the portion of the watershed impacted by the Caselton Mine and Mill Site



Funding Considerations and Cleanup Options

Paul Eckert, NDEP Tasha Lewis, Multistate Trust



Funding Considerations

- ✓ A major challenge to cleanup activities is the limited amount of Site-specific funding
- ✓ The Multistate Trust, NDEP, BLM, Lincoln County, and other stakeholders are collaborating to identify and leverage other sources of funding for investigation and cleanup activities
- ✓ FY2023 Community Project Funding Request
 - Project Purpose: NDEP's Caselton Mill Remediation project request would fund site investigations, engineering, and cost estimating for the work required to remediate the site for future reuse and development
 - Amount Requested: \$500,000
 - Match by the Multistate Trust: \$500,000

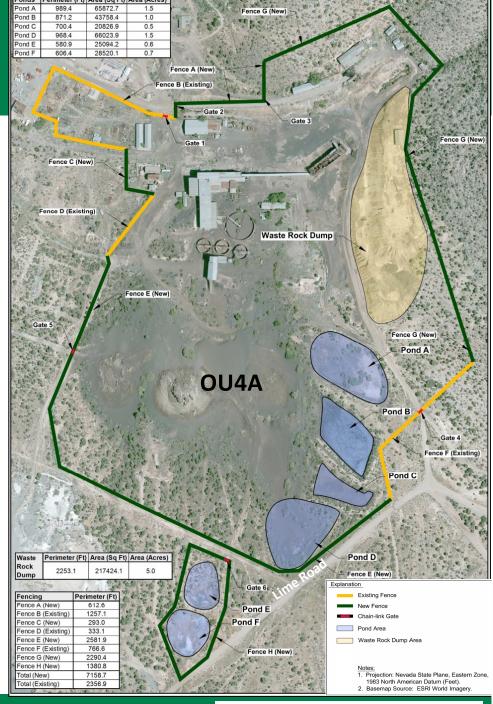


Funding Considerations (cont'd)

- ✓ Bipartisan Infrastructure Law Ecosystem Restoration, Revegetation, and Hazard Mitigation on Mined Lands
 - Project Purpose: BLM will focus on activities to evaluate the portion of the watershed impacted by the Caselton Mine & Mill Site
 - Amount Awarded: \$1,700,000
- ✓ NDEP and EPA Targeted Brownfields Program
 - Initial Amount Sought: \$100,000
- ✓ EPA and NREL Assessment

Cleanup Options for the Caselton Mill Site Area – OU4A

- ✓ Cleanup Options Evaluated to Date
 - No Action
 - Perimeter Fence
 - Cap Select Tailings
 - Stormwater best management practices (BMPs)
 - Building demolition with:
 - on-site repository
 - off-site repository
 - on-site repository and cap
- ✓ Interim cleanup option selected (due to funding constraints)
 - Perimeter fence around tailings and improve gates to limit access
 - Post "No Trespassing" signs
 - Implement Stormwater BMPs





Potential Cleanup Options for Caselton Mill Site (OU4A)

	Preliminary Cost Estimates and Subject to Change	
Alternatives Evaluated	Rough Order of Magnitude Capital Costs (± \$)	Rough Order of Magnitude Annual O&M Costs (± \$)
No Action	\$O	\$O
Perimeter Fence	\$250,000	
Cap Select Tailings	\$110,000	
Stormwater Best Management Practices (BMPs)	\$2,100,000	
Building Demolition With:		
On-site repository (does not include stormwater BMPs)	\$3,200,000	Not Calculated
On-site repository and cap (does not include stormwater BMPs)	\$3,300,000	
Off-site repository (does not include stormwater BMPs)	\$7,000,000	
Recontour, consolidate into an on-site repository, and cap with stormwater BMPs	\$15,300,000	

Notes:

- 1. The costs presented above were developed by the Multistate Trust's third-party contractor in 2018 and have been adjusted to account for inflation.
- 2. Costs are based on the information available at that time and are subject to change.



Potential Cleanup Options for Caselton Wash (OU5)

Alternatives Evaluated	Preliminary Cost Estimates and Subject to Change		
	Rough Order of Magnitude Capital Costs (± \$)	Rough Order of Magnitude Annual O&M Costs (±\$)	
No Action	\$o	\$O	
Institutional controls and surface water diversion	\$300,000	\$29,000	
Recontour tailings, add lime, and re-vegetate	\$4,000,000	\$33,000	
Recontour tailings, add lime, cap and re-vegetate	\$15,200,000	\$29,000	
Remove tailings and place in an on-site repository	\$42,500,000	\$29,000	

Source: Costs presented are in today's dollars (i.e., accounts for inflation) and are based on Dynamac Corporation's Draft/Final Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis dated June 10, 2010.

Note: In 2017, the Multistate Trust's third-party contractor estimated a total cost of ±\$15,300,000 (or ±\$20,800,000 in today's dollars) to install surface water diversions around the 9 tailings ponds and use excavated diversion channel materials to cover select portions of the tailings and improve pond embankment stability. Costs are based on the information available at that time and are subject to change.





Potential Future Use Options and Discussion

Paul Eckert, NDEP Tasha Lewis, Multistate Trust



Potential Future Use Options and Discussion

- ✓ The NDEP and Multistate Trust are pursuing a planning strategy for future use of the Caselton Mill Site Area that is:
 - Clear and transparent
 - Aligned with community-supported future uses and community interests
 - Consistent with goals to address economic, social and environmental challenges associated with past mining operations
- ✓ Future use of the Site will be based on cleanup activities and is not expected to occur for several years
- ✓ Some ideas include positioning the site for renewable energy (solar), recreational uses, preserving some of the buildings for historical significance and as a point of interest



Potential Future Use Options and Discussion

- ✓ We want to hear your ideas and what is important to you
- ✓ Please complete our community survey to share your ideas for the Site's reuse



This illustration depicts how we work with our beneficiaries, neighbors, and other stakeholders.



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Questions?

